#### **DEPARTMENT OF LABOR**

## **Employment and Training Administration**

[NAFTA-03237]

## Horner Flooring Company, Incorporated, Dollar Bay, Michigan; Notice of Termination of Investigation

Pursuant to Title V of the North American Free Trade Agreement Implementation Act (P.L. 103–182) concerning transitional adjustment assistance, hereinafter called (NAFTA–TAA), and in accordance with Section 250(a), Subchapter D, Chapter 2, Title II, of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 USC 2273), an investigation was initiated on May 6, 1999 in response to a petition filed by the company on behalf of workers at Horner Flooring Company, Incorporated, Dollar Bay, Michigan.

The petitioner has requested that the petition be withdrawn until such time as the workers will be laid off. Consequently, further investigation in this case would serve no purpose, and the investigation has been terminated.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 5th day of August 1999.

#### Grant D. Beale,

Program Manager, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 99–21150 Filed 8–13–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–30–M

### **DEPARTMENT OF LABOR**

## **Employment and Training Administration**

[NAFTA-3093]

## Thompson Crown Wood Products, Mocksville, North Carolina; Notice of Revised Determination on Reopening

By letter of July 14, 1999, a company official requested reconsideration of the Department's negative determination applicable to workers and former workers of the subject firm.

The initial investigation resulted in a negative determination issued on June 17, 1999, because worker separations at Thomson Crown Wood Products in Mocksville, North Carolina were attributable to a change in the manufacturing process at the plant which required fewer workers to manufacture television cabinets produced at the plant. Additionally, production increased as employment declined during the relevant time period. The denial notice was published in the **Federal Register** on July 20, 1999 (64 FR 38922).

New information obtained from the company shows that the assembly of television cabinets that was performed by the workers in Mocksville, North Carolina, has been shifted to Mexico.

#### Conclusion

After careful consideration of the new facts obtained on reconsideration, I conclude that there was a shift in production from the workers' firm to Mexico of articles that are like or directly competitive with those produced by the subject firm. In accordance with the provisions of the Trade Act of 1974, I make the following revised determination:

All workers to Thomson Crown Wood Products, Mocksville, North Carolina, who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after April 8, 1998, are eligible to apply for NAFTA–TAA under section 250 of the Trade Act of 1974.

Signed at Washington, DC this 6th day of August 1999.

#### Grant D. Beale,

Program Manager, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 99–21147 Filed 8–13–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–30–M

#### **DEPARTMENT OF LABOR**

# **Employment and Training Administration**

[NAFTA-003256]

# Trim Master, Inc., Rancho Cucamonga, California; Notice of Termination

Pursuant to Title V of the North American Free Trade Agreement Implementation Act (P.L. 103–1) concerning transitional adjustment assistance, hereinafter called NAFTA–TAA and in accordance with Section 250(a), Subchapter D, Chapter 2, Title II, of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 U.S.C. 2331), an investigation was initiated on June 7, 1999, in response to a petition filed on behalf of workers at Trim Master, Inc., Rancho Cucamonga, California. Workers produce wood trim for the automotive industry.

The petitioner has requested that the petition be withdrawn. Consequently, further investigation in this case would serve no purpose, and the investigation has been terminated.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 6th day of August 1999.

### Grant D. Beale,

Program Manager, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 99–21145 Filed 8–13–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–30–M

## NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

[Docket No. 40-9015]

Notice of Issuance of Environmental Assessment, Finding of No Significant Impact, and Opportunity for Hearing for Michigan Department of Natural Resources License at Tobico Marsh Site

The U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission is considering issuance of a license to Michigan Department of Natural Resources (MDNR) to possess thorium (Th) and uranium (U) at the state-owned portion of the former Hartley and Hartley Landfill (Tobico Marsh site) in Kawkawlin, Michigan. The license application was submitted on September 5, 1997, as supplemented on July 27, 1998, and March 8, 1999. The Th and U currently exist at the MDNR Tobico Marsh site in the form of magnesium-Th slag, contaminated soil, and other material and debris contaminated above background levels. MDNR also requested to include possession of sealed sources for instrument calibration on a license.

## **Environmental Assessment**

#### Introduction

MDNR submitted a source material license application to possess Th and U at the Tobico Marsh site. The site is located at 2301 Two Mile and Beaver Roads, Kawkawlin Township, Kawkawlin, Bay County, Michigan, northeast of Bay City, Michigan. The Tobico Marsh site covers approximately 3 acres (1.2 hectare) adjacent to the former Hartley and Hartley Landfill that is currently owned by SCA Services, Inc. (SCA). The SCA site is being decommissioned under NRC License No. SUC-1565. In 1962, it was discovered that the entire property, owned by the Hartley and Hartley waste handling company, was being used as a landfill.

In 1972, the State of Michigan acquired in trade a portion of the Hartley and Hartley Landfill. Waste disposal activity on the state-owned portion of the site ended by 1972, but the Hartley and Hartley organization continued to operate the site until 1978 when operations at the landfill ceased.

In 1980, the State of Michigan conducted an aerial radiological survey of the landfill because State authorities were concerned that radioactive material from another facility in Michigan may have been disposed at the landfill. The survey indicated an excess of Thallium-208, a progeny of Thorium-232 (Th-232), over the landfill. In May